AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please cancel Claims 18-20 without prejudice and accept new Claims 24-27 as follows:

1. (Previously Presented) A method of tracking an object comprising:

    providing a plurality of cameras;

    determining an image from each camera;

    determining a common plane in the images;

    determining a parallax for scene points across the images;

    incorporating the parallax as a feature in a background model;

    determining a change in the background model incorporating the parallax; and

    tracking the object according to the change, wherein the change in the background model

incorporating the parallax corresponds to the object, wherein the tracking of the object according

to the change further comprises,

        obtaining a measure from the parallax that is invariant to motion of the object

    through the image, and

        tracking the object relative to the invariant measure.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one camera is a pan-tilt-zoom camera.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein at least one camera is uncalibrated.

4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, further comprising:

    providing a pan-tilt-zoom camera;

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determining a mosaic for the pan-tilt-zoom camera from images captured from the pan-tilt-zoom camera; and

registering the mosaic and the images from the pan-tilt-zoom camera and the plurality of cameras according to the common plane in the image.

5. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising inter-frame registration of images captured from the pan-tilt-zoom camera.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the background model comprises a feature.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the feature is one of an intensity and an edge.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising determining the background model by one of a mixture-of-Gaussians and a non-parametric kernel.

9-10. (Cancelled)

11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising providing a control strategy for controlling at least one camera of the plurality of cameras to view a portion of a scene estimated to include a visible portion of the object subsequent to an occlusion of the object.

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12. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein an error associated with object detection and velocity is propagated to determine a maximum possible zoom at which an image of the desired region of the object may be acquired.

13. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising obtaining a relationship between observations from different cameras via a homography relationship for the common registered plane.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising providing a control strategy for acquiring user defined relevant information for the object.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein providing the control strategy further comprises:
    providing a probability density function for the object; and
    providing a model for object motion.

16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein providing the control strategy further comprises providing a user specification.

17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 16, further comprising controlling the cameras according to the user specification and the change in the background model.

18-22. (Cancelled)

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23. (Previously Presented) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for tracking an object, the method steps comprising:

  providing a plurality of cameras;

  determining an image from each camera;

  determining a common plane in the images;

  determining a parallax for scene points across the images;

  incorporating the parallax as a feature in a background model; and

  determining a change in the background model incorporating the parallax; and

  tracking the object according to the change, wherein the change in the background model incorporating the parallax corresponds to the object, wherein the tracking of the object according to the change further comprises,

    obtaining a measure from the parallax that is invariant to motion of the object through the image, and

    tracking the object relative to the invariant measure.

24. (New) A system for tracking an object comprising:

  a plurality of cameras capturing images including the object;

  a memory device storing a plurality of instructions embodying an object tracker;

  a processor in communication with the memory device and the plurality of cameras for receiving the images including the object and executing the object tracker to perform a method comprising:

  determining a common plane in the images;

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determining a parallax for scene points across the images;

incorporating the parallax as a feature in a background model;

determining a change in the background model incorporating the parallax; and

tracking the object according to the change, wherein the change in the background model
incorporating the parallax corresponds to the object, wherein the tracking of the object according
to the change further comprises,

obtaining a measure from the parallax that is invariant to motion of the object
through the image, and

tracking the object relative to the invariant measure.

25. (New) The system of claim 24, wherein at least one camera is a pan-tilt-zoom camera.

26. (New) The system of claim 24, wherein at least one camera is uncalibrated.

27. (New) The system of claim 25, wherein the processor further executes the object tracker to
perform the method further comprising:

determining a mosaic for the pan-tilt-zoom camera from images captured from the pan-
tilt-zoom camera; and

registering the mosaic and the images from the pan-tilt-zoom camera and the plurality of
cameras according to the common plane in the image.

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